



Bedlinog Community Council

Unacceptable Actions Policy

This policy sets out the approach of Bedlinog Community Council (hereafter called the Council) to the relatively few individuals whose actions or behaviour are considered unacceptable. The Council, Councillors and staff aim to aid and support to anyone who seeks to use its services. For the largest proportion of persons who contact the Council, the matter is dealt with in line with acceptable procedures. There are, however, occasions when it is necessary to protect Councillors and staff against unacceptable behaviour, such as aggressive or abusive behaviour, unreasonable demands and unreasonable persistence. The procedures for dealing with such responses are set out in this policy.

Policy Aims

- To make it clear to all individuals, both at initial contact and throughout their dealings with the office what the Council can or cannot do in relation to their request. In doing so, the aim is to be open and not raise hopes or expectations that cannot be met.
- To deal fairly, honestly, consistently and appropriately with all individuals, including those whose actions are considered unacceptable. The Council believes that all persons have the right to be heard, understood and respected. It is also considered that Council staff have the same rights.
- To provide a service that is accessible to all individuals. However, where it is considered that individual actions are unacceptable, the right to restrict or change access to Council service is retained.

- To ensure that other members of the public, the Councillor and its staff do not suffer any disadvantage from persons who act in an unacceptable manner.
- To provide to individuals details of the complaints procedures if they wish to make a complaint against the Council and the right to contact the Public Service Ombudsman for Wales if they so wish.

Defamatory/unacceptable actions by individuals

People may act out of character in times of trouble or distress. There may have been upsetting or distressing circumstances leading up to their need to contact the Council office. The Council does not view behaviour as unacceptable just because an individual is forceful or determined. However, the actions of individuals who are angry, demanding or persistent may result in unreasonable demands on the office or unacceptable behaviour towards Council staff. It is these actions that are considered unacceptable and ones that this policy aims to manage.

Aggressive or abusive behaviour

Violence is not restricted to acts of aggression that may result in physical harm. It also includes behaviour or language, whether oral or written, that may cause officers to feel afraid, threatened or abused. Examples of these behaviours include threats, physical violence, personal verbal abuse, derogatory remarks and rudeness.

It is also considered that inflammatory statements and unsubstantiated allegations can be abusive behaviour. The Council expects its Councillors and staff to be treated courteously and with respect. Violence or abuse towards Councillors and staff is unacceptable. However, it is not acceptable when actions escalate into aggression directed towards officers.

Unreasonable demands

Individuals may make what are unreasonable demands on the Council through the amount of information they seek, the nature and scale of service they expect and the number of approaches they make.

What amounts to unreasonable demands will always depend on the circumstances surrounding the behaviour and the seriousness of the issues raised by the individual. Examples include demanding responses within an unreasonable time-scale, insisting on seeing or speaking to a Councillor or staff member, continual telephone calls or letters, repeatedly changing the substance of the request or raising unrelated matters. These demands are considered unacceptable and unreasonable if they start to impact substantially on the work of the office, taking up an excessive amount of staff time to the disadvantage of other individuals or functions.

Unreasonable persistence

It is recognised that some individuals will not or cannot accept that the Council is unable to assist them further or provide a level of service other than that provided already. They may persist in disagreeing with the action or decision taken in relation to their request or contact the office persistently about the same issue. Examples include persistent refusal to accept a decision made in relation to a request, persistent refusal to accept explanations relating to what the Councillors and staff can or cannot do and continuing to pursue information.

The way in which these individuals approach the Council may be entirely reasonable, but it is their persistent behaviour in continuing to do so that is not. The actions of persistent individuals are unacceptable when they take up what the Council regards as being a disproportionate amount of time and resources.

Managing unacceptable actions by individuals

There are relatively few individuals whose actions are considered by the Council to be unacceptable. How these actions are managed depends on their nature and extent. If it adversely affects the Council's ability to do its work and provide a service to others, individual contact with the Council may need to be restricted to manage the unacceptable action.

Contact in person, by telephone, letter or electronically or by any combination of these, may be restricted. Efforts will be made to try to maintain at least one form of contact. In extreme situations, individuals will be told in writing that their names are on a 'no personal contact' list. This means that they must restrict contact with the Council either in written communication or through a third party.

The threat or use of physical violence, verbal abuse or harassment towards Councillors and staff is likely to result in the ending of all direct contact with the individual. Incidents may be reported to the police. This will always be the case if physical violence is used or threatened.

The Council will not deal with correspondence (letter, telephone or electronic) that is abusive to Councillors and staff or contains allegations that lack substantive evidence. When this happens, the individual will be told that his / her behaviour is considered offensive, unnecessary and unhelpful. He / she will be asked to stop using such language and the Council will state that there will be no response to his / her correspondence if he / she does not stop. The Council may require future contact to be through a third party.

Councillors and staff will end telephone calls if the caller is considered aggressive, abusive or offensive. The Councillor or staff member taking the call has the right to make this decision, tell the caller that the behaviour is unacceptable and end the call if the behaviour does not stop.

Where an individual repeatedly telephones, visits the Council, sends irrelevant documents or raises the same issues, the Council may decide to:

- Accept telephone calls from the individual at set times on set days
- Require the individual to make an appointment to see a Councillor or staff member before visiting the Council or that the individual contacts the office in writing only
- Take other action that is considered appropriate. The Council will, however, always tell the individual what action is being taken and why

Deciding to restrict contact

Members of the Council and its staff who directly experience aggressive or abusive behaviour from an individual have the authority to deal immediately with that behaviour in a manner they consider appropriate to the situation and in line with this policy.

Except for such immediate decisions taken at the time of an incident, decisions to restrict contact with the Council are taken only after careful consideration of the situation by the Council. Wherever possible, the individual is given an opportunity to modify his / her behaviour or action before a decision is taken.

Individuals are informed in writing why a decision has been made to restrict future contact, the restricted contact arrangements and, if relevant, the length of time that these restrictions will be in place.

Appealing against a decision to restrict contact

An individual can appeal against a decision to restrict contact. A Councillor or staff member who was not involved in the original decision will consider the appeal. He / she will advise the individual in writing that either the restricted contact arrangements still apply, or a different course of action has been agreed.

Recording and reviewing a decision to restrict contact

The Council records all incidents of unacceptable actions by individuals. Where it is decided to restrict individual contact, an entry noting this is made in the relevant file and on any appropriate computer record. A decision to restrict individual contact may be reconsidered if the individual demonstrates a more acceptable approach. The Clerk reviews the status of all individuals with restricted contact arrangements on an annual basis.

